1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
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4	21 South Fru	<b>2023</b> - 1:02 p.m. it Street
5	Suite 10 Concord, NH	
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7	RE:	DE 23-081
8		LIBERTY UTILITIES (GRANITE STATE ELECTRIC) CORP. d/b/a LIBERTY UTILITIES:
9		Request for Approval of Revenue Decoupling Adjustment.
10		(Prehearing conference)
11		
12	PRESENT:	Chairman Daniel C. Goldner, <i>Presiding</i> Commissioner Pradip K. Chattopadhyay
13		Commissioner Carleton B. Simpson
14		Eric Wind, Esq./PUC Legal Advisor
15		Tracey Russo, Clerk
16	APPEARANCES:	
17	AFFEARANCES.	Electric) Corp. d/b/a Liberty Utilities:
		Michael J. Sheehan, Esq.
18		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: Donald M. Kreis, Esq., Consumer Adv.
19		Marc H. Vatter Office of Consumer Advocate
20		Reptg. New Hampshire Dept. of Energy:
21		Paul B. Dexter, Esq. Alexandra K. Ladwig, Esq.
22		(Regulatory Support Division)
23	Court Rep	oorter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
24		

	1
INDEX	
PAGE NO.	
STATEMENTS OF PRELIMINARY POSITION BY:	
Mr. Sheehan 4	
Mr. Dexter 9	
Mr. Kreis 16	
STATEMENTS RE: PROCEDURAL SCHEDULE BY:	
Mr. Dexter 19	
Mr. Sheehan 20	
Mr. Kreis 20	
Chairman Goldner 21	
QUESTIONS BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER 19	
	PAGE NO.  STATEMENTS OF PRELIMINARY POSITION BY:  Mr. Sheehan 4  Mr. Dexter 9  Mr. Kreis 16  STATEMENTS RE: PROCEDURAL SCHEDULE BY:  Mr. Dexter 19  Mr. Sheehan 20  Mr. Kreis 20  Chairman Goldner 21

## 1 PROCEEDING 2 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. We're here 3 this afternoon for a prehearing conference in DE 4 23-081, in which the Commission docketed Liberty 5 Utilities (Granite State Electric) Corp.'s 6 Revenue Decoupling Adjustment Factor filing for 7 Decoupling Year 2, which ran from July 1st, 2022, 8 through June 30th, 2023. 9 First, let's take appearances, 10 beginning with the Company. 11 MR. SHEEHAN: Good afternoon, 12 Commissioners. Mike Sheehan, for Liberty 1.3 Utilities (Granite State Electric) Corp. 14 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Very good. And the 15 New Hampshire Department of Energy? 16 MR. DEXTER: Good afternoon. Paul 17 Dexter and Alexandra Ladwig, appearing on behalf 18 of the Department of Energy. 19 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Very good. 20 And will the OCA be making an appearance today? 2.1 MR. VATTER: I have -- I mean, I'm 2.2 here. 23 [Laughter.] 2.4 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: We'll count it as an

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         appearance.
                       Thank you.
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                    Okay.
                           Are there any preliminary
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         matters to address, before we hear and discuss
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         preliminary positions?
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                    [No verbal response.]
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                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Probably not.
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                    So, turning to Liberty's filing, we'll
         now hear preliminary positions, and the
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         Commissioners may have some follow-up questions.
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         The DOE has already filed a preliminary position
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         statement that highlights a number of issues that
         are of interest to the Commission related to
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         pending issues in Liberty's rate case, Docket DE
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         23-039, regarding whether Liberty should be
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         collecting an RDAF while temporary rates are in
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         effect.
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                    Regardless of how we resolve the issue
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         in that case, we do still think Liberty was
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         required to make this filing under the current
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         tariff, and that review of the aggregate
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         decoupling adjustment amount should occur.
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                    So, let's start with Liberty.
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                    MR. SHEEHAN:
                                  Thank you.
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                    In our view, this docket is simple.
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It's simply taking the tariff language, which has all the definitions, and has the formula to apply, do the math, and out comes the number. And that's the number that we put in our filing that is the shortfall of the decoupling. And, using very round numbers, because I always forget the specifics, the overall number is \$3 million plus. We are capped by the decoupling tariff at 3 percent. So, the ask is to recover a million dollars going forward for Decoupling Year 2, and that's deferring the two plus million dollars of the whole amount, which also includes a small deferral from last year.

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Of the questions raised by DOE that apply just to this filing, as I understand them, one is concerns over the equivalent bill math.

The response to that is equivalent bill -- the numbers that came out of that equivalent bill process have always varied widely for a bunch of reasons that are inherent in that process.

We have been using equivalent bill since before Liberty was purchased by Liberty.

It's a well known, accurate way of counting customers. Confusing maybe, but a well known and

accurate way of counting customers. Nothing has changed. We use it for all purposes, not just decoupling.

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What I see, from my perspective, is folks stopped looking at that over the years, because it was the norm. And, now we have new eyes at DOE looking at it and trying to understand it, which is totally fair. But the net result of that, and that's both here and in the gas decoupling, the net result of that will be that that's what the equivalent bill calculation is, it's a somewhat counterintuitive process. But, at the end, over the twelve-month period, it gives an accurate count of customers.

So, that was one topic they raised.

And, again, that's totally fair for discovery.

And we'll work through the -- hopefully, educate them to get them to a point of acceptance.

The second one related to that is the DOE has pointed to numbers in -- equivalent bill numbers in this filing that differ from what's in the rate case. And, again, that's a perfect topic for discovery. They will ask the question, we'll answer it, and, hopefully, we'll work

through that.

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The other issues raised in the DOE statement I'll put aside for just a second. So, in this case, we're asking for recovery of the roughly million dollars, deferral of the balance. And one of the requests DOE made was to suspend that collection pending the other issues. And I'd just like to plant that that's a very bad idea in our view.

The amount owed from last year was a million four; we've collected some of it. The amount owed this year is a million. There's two or three million being deferred. If you stop — if you start suspending collection, those numbers will all just get bigger. It just makes no sense to do that as a "Wait a minute, the numbers may not be perfect, we should do nothing." Again, these are reconciling. So, if it turns out our million that you approve in this docket is off, we fix it. So, the request to suspend we think is not a wise route to take.

Now, moving to the issues that are outside of this docket. The temporary rate issue, there was never an intent by the Company

to cease collecting the RDAF. Again, it doesn't make sense to. The RDAF approved a year ago was approved, was in rates. That is for revenues that were short for the '21/'22 year. It doesn't play a role in temporary rates from now going forward. So, to -- and, again, it's not part of distribution. Well, if it is part of distribution rates, it's old distribution rates, if you will. It's the RDAF. It's in a LDAC kind of component. So, again, stopping collection of that pending temporary rates would just add to the uncollected amounts to some degree.

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To the extent that there was a zero in the RDAF when we provided some of our filings, it was just to show what the temp. rate change would have on distribution rates. Just like commodity rates, those aren't part of the temporary rate calculation, and the Systems Benefit Charge is not part of that calculation. So, again, it seems to be a side issue that shouldn't complicate this docket.

And the last, if I have the recollection correct, was the tariff issues coming out of several dockets that have been

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ongoing. We think we provided the Commission with what it needed in early September. DOE filed a response. I think it's in your folks' hands to decide whether it's got to the point where it's good, or whether further changes need to be made. But, again, it doesn't -- it shouldn't affect this docket, in our view.

So, I think I've hit the points that were on the table. But if you have any questions?

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. No, I think none so far.

Attorney Dexter.

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MR. DEXTER: Yes. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

So, you know, we spend a lot of time on our side of the building trying to create a record that's simple, to simplify things for the Department. And, in this case, this is not simple, and we've pointed out a lot of things that are complicated. We're not doing that to complicate things, but we're trying to point out issues that we believe need to be resolved before any further RDAF charges are approved and

collected by Liberty-Electric.

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And I tried to highlight those in the October 3rd letter, we tried to highlight those in the October 3rd letter. And we broke them down to procedural and substantive issues. And the procedural issues have two components, as I outlined -- as we outlined in the letter.

The first one has to do with what happened when the Commission approved the temporary rates. It's our understanding, we think the record is pretty clear on this, that Liberty presented information for approval for the temporary rates on June 26th, 2023, in DE 23-039. And there was a schedule showing that the effect of the temporary rate increase for a residential customer was going to be 1.48 percent. In the very schedule that led to the 1.48 percent, it showed the RDAF decreasing from 0.281 cents, basically three-tenths of a cent, to Those figures were taken from that filing, understandably, and embedded into Order Number 28,855, which was issued on June 30th, 2023, at Page 3. And it shows those same rates and the same impacts.

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So, it's not really important what
Liberty thought was in the Temporary Rate
Settlement. What's important is what the
Department [sic] approved. And it's our position
that they approved a 1.4 percent rate increase,
with the RDAF going from 0.281 cents to zero.
And that's our position. And we've raised that,
and we believe that that issue needs to be
resolved before this case goes forward, so we
know whether we're dealing with an RDAF at zero
or we're dealing with an RDAF at 0.00281. So,
that's the issue that came out of the rate case.

The second bunch of issues that we raised in our October 3rd letter have to deal with what's gone on in 22-035, which is the case involving Liberty's step adjustments. The reason those are important is because each step adjustment change results in a revenue requirement, which then gets translated into revenue per customer targets, which are necessary for reviewing the decoupling mechanism at issue in this case, because what we look at is actual revenue per customer and compare it to the targets. So, the targets have to be clear. And

it's our position that the targets are not clear, because of outstanding issues that are -- because of outstanding issues from DE 22-035.

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I'm sorry, on August 1st, 2023, in the step adjustment case, 22-035. The Company responded with a filing on September 1st, I believe, talking about the outstanding issues, and we replied to that on September 18th. And, as far as we know, those issues have not been addressed by the Commission. So, while those issues are still outstanding, we don't believe it's appropriate for the Commission to approve any further -- any further RDAF changes.

With respect to the case at hand, the substantive issues that we pointed out in our October 3rd letter, we essentially agree with Attorney Sheehan that this is a mathematical case. We, on a preliminary basis, had highlighted some questions that we will explore through discovery, and we appreciate the Company's statement that they will respond to discovery on those questions concerning what seem to us to be some significant swings in equivalent

bills for a very large-use customer class. And we've learned, in decoupling, that changes in the number of customers in large classes, because we're dealing with a revenue per customer calculation, can have significant impacts on the ultimate revenue decoupling request that comes out of the mathematics.

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And, so, when we see, you know, a rate class varying from 104 customers to 183 customers, I think it was, within the span of a few months, that raises questions. We understand equivalent bills have been around for a long time. Attorney Sheehan referred to it as "counterintuitive". I'm not sure that we understand how the equivalent bill calculation works. But, just because it's been around a long time, the result has to be reasonable. And we can't imagine how one customer class could have a swing, you know, to that great degree.

Secondly, Attorney Sheehan mentioned that we've been doing calculations like this on a monthly basis, and that month after month the variation smooth themselves out, and at the end of the year you have a representative level of

revenues and customer counts. I'm paraphrasing, but I think that's essentially what Attorney Sheehan was getting at.

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One of the issues we want to explore in this case is whether or not we have created a situation where, instead of letting those monthly fluctuations zero themselves out over time, if we've sort of undermined that concept by calculating the revenue decoupling adjustment on a monthly basis. We understand the calculation is done each month. And we understand that, within the actual revenue recorded each month, a substantial part of that is unbilled revenue, which is, in fact, based on an estimate.

Now, most ratemaking proceedings take revenue figures over a 12-month period, and those estimates reverse themselves. But what we have here is a calculation that actually takes those monthly numbers, and then goes and sets, you know, then calculates a revenue decoupling amount, which then goes right into the factor, without a chance for those accruals to reverse themselves.

So, we're not going to propose a change

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to the decoupling mechanism in this docket,
because this is an implementation docket. But we
believe that's an appropriate area of inquiry, so
that can inform any changes that we propose in
the ongoing rate case where the decoupling
mechanism is at issue. So, that's what's behind
the questions on the customer fluctuations, not
something we intend to explore in this case.

We believe we can do that within the schedule that the Commission has laid out with the hearing on November 8th, around the decision coming presumably before -- for effect

December 1st. We've been working on a schedule, which we will share with the Company and the Consumer Advocate by the end of today or tomorrow. Hopefully, we can reach agreement on a short discovery, a short schedule that includes discovery and an opportunity for the Department to put in a position statement or testimony or a tech statement, whatever form it ends up taking, still trying to do that in time for the November 8th hearing.

But, certainly, back to what I started with, we believe that the outstanding questions

in the temporary rate case, and the step adjustment case, 22-035, need to be resolved before any further decoupling collections take place as a result of this docket.

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you, Attorney Dexter.

And, Attorney Kreis, we entered an appearance for you as you were scrambling there to join. And we're ready for your opening statement.

MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And allow me to prostrate myself apologetically.

I thought this hearing started at 1:30, to be

perfectly frank, otherwise I would have been on

time, because "punctuality" is ordinarily my

middle name. And, so, I'm embarrassed. So,

thank you for indulging me.

I have read the October 3rd letter from the Department of Energy. And I listened to most of what Attorney Dexter just said. And I want to compliment him and his team for what I think is some pretty cogent analysis of the situation that this docket presents. And I have no reason to disagree with any of the analysis that the

Department has conducted preliminarily. And, like the Department, I'm eager to participate in this docket and work through some of these issues, so that we really understand what's happening here fully.

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I do want to say, on the general question of decoupling, and we don't have to go too far down that road, because, as Mr. Dexter just mentioned, that question, the question of the future of decoupling, is really properly addressed in the pending rate case.

But I do want to say that the concerns that Mr. Dexter lays out are fundamental to the existence of a decoupling mechanism. The monthly adjustments were supposed to be helpful to both consumers and to ratepayers. And, if they haven't been, then, again, that's a question to take up in the rate case.

To the extent the Department thinks that discovery in this docket would be in aid of that, I have no problem with anybody doing that. You know, we're all ultimately trying to achieve the same thing, which is just and reasonable rates.

I do want to say, though, as the person who, and I think this is well known to everybody, as the person who heads the office that was the leading champion of adopting decoupling, I understand that the whole concept is now under review by essentially everybody. And I'd like to make sure everybody knows that I am not going to cheerfully suffer regressing back to the LRAM mechanism, the Lost Revenue Adjustment Mechanism. If decoupling is done in, then the answer is to replace it probably with nothing, other than resetting utility revenue requirements via rate cases.

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That's all I have to say at this time, beyond reiterating my apology.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you, Attorney Kreis.

I think what we can do at this point, having received the preliminary statements from the parties, is just take a brief recess so the Commissioners can confer, very brief. And we'll return at 1:30.

(Recess taken at 1:23 p.m., and the prehearing conference resumed at

1:32 p.m.)

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. From the Commission's standpoint, we don't have much to add, other than to set a deadline for the procedural schedule. Sounds like everyone is in synch to get everything taken care of by November 8th. And, so, that's appreciated.

Would, Attorney Dexter, would you have a -- would you think the end of the week would be a sensible time to publish a procedural schedule?

MR. DEXTER: Yes. Yes, we're going to run it by the parties today. And, hopefully, we can file it by the end of the week, if not before.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. And we also appreciate, when you said earlier, relative to filing something with the Commission from the DOE, you know, prior to the hearing, those are very, very helpful to us. Would you think maybe three business days would be a sufficient time, based on what you know today?

MR. DEXTER: Before the hearing?

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Before the hearing.

MR. DEXTER: Yes. That would be fine.

1 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you. 2. Thank you. It's tight on everyone. So, I think 3 we'll cut that to three days. 4 Very good. Is there anything else 5 anyone wishes to add to this PHC? 6 MR. SHEEHAN: We had a brief chat about 7 a schedule, and Mr. Dexter did not commit to 8 anything. But the hearing is the 8th, which is a 9 Wednesday. If "three business days" makes 10 Monday, that we would ask for a little more time, 11 so at least roll into the week before, which would be the 2nd or 3rd. 12 1.3 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I might count wrong, 14 but I would have counted that as, like, Friday, 15 or so. Okay. That's what I --16 MR. SHEEHAN: 17 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. File it by 18 Friday would be fine, we'd have the weekend to 19 read it, if that would be okay. 20 MR. DEXTER: What date? 2.1 MR. KREIS: Mr. Chairman? 2.2 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. MR. KREIS: Might I ask whether it 23 24 would be okay if the OCA also file something when

the Department does? I don't know for sure, or whether we actually want to do that. But, now that we have some analytical capability on our team, that at least is a theoretical possibility for us.

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Absolutely. And it would be appreciated if the OCA was able to file something. And it's helpful for us to have a few days, if even the weekend, to be able to review documents. Because we're pretty booked up, as everyone in the room is, because we all share many of the same dockets, and the DOE shares 100 percent of the same dockets. So, it's pretty packed for the next few weeks.

That sounds goods. So, I'll just repeat that back. So, November 3rd for a filing from the DOE and OCA, if that works for the OCA. The hearing on the 8th. And, then, a procedural schedule by the end of this week, which would be October 13th.

Fair enough?

[Multiple parties indicating in the affirmative.]

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Anything else

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         that we should discuss today?
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                    MR. DEXTER: Nothing from the
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         Department.
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                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
                                       Okay.
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                    MR. SHEEHAN: No.
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: All good. Okay.
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         Well, thank you very much, a very efficient
         hearing today. And good afternoon.
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         adjourned.
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                    (Whereupon the prehearing conference
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                    was adjourned at 1:34 p.m., and a
                    technical session was held
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                    thereafter.)
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